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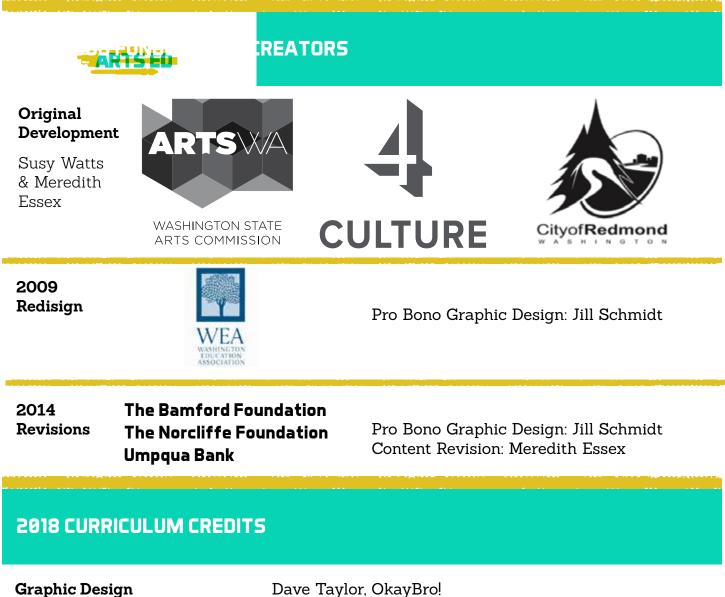




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## ART LESSONS IN THE CLASSROOM

# **JGMENTS**



Graphic Design Photos Copy Arts Standards Spanish Translations Online Portal Support Dave Taylor, OkayBro! Peyton Beresini, Aline Moch, Abigail Alpern-Fisch Alyssa Hays, Aline Moch, Danielle Gahl Cheri Lloyd Aline Moch Seven DeBord, Kube Warner

## THANK YOU!



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## ART LESSONS IN THE CLASSROOM

# PROTOCOL GUIDELINES

The K-6 lesson handbooks were originally produced for the Lake Washington School District with grants from 4culture and ArtsWA.

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**ARTS EDUCATION FOR ALL** 

### SECOND GRADE LESSON NINE // RHYTHM AND REPETITION

## **ASSESSMENT CHECKLIST**

LEARNING TAP	RGET	ASSESSMENT CRITERIA			
Recognizes pattern in images.		Identifies repeated eleme	Identifies repeated elements in an image.		
Recognizes pattern in words.		Identifies repeated words or sounds in a poem.			
Creates pattern in images and words.		Repeats shapes and word/sounds in art.			
		Repeats shapes and word/sounds in art.			
STUDENT	IDENTIFIES REPEATED ELEMENTS IN AN IMAGES	IDENTIFIES REPEATED WORDS OR SOUNDS IN A POEM	REPEAT SHAPES AND WORD/SOUNDS TO CREATE PATTERNS IN ART	TOTAL POINTS	



# **SECOND GRADE LESSON TEN**

## **ILLUSTRATING A STORY**

#### **Description Of Project:**

Students construct a collage illustrating one event in a narrative sequence.

#### Problem To Solve:

How can an artist tell a story and represent depth?

#### Student Understanding:

Sequencing events with shapes to represent a beginning, middle, and end tells a visual story; making close shapes larger and far shapes smaller creates depth through size.

## LEARNING TARGETS AND ASSESMENT CRITERIA

#### The Student:

LT: Identifies or creates the sequence of a story. AC: Describes the beginning, middle, and end of a story.

LT: Represents a part of a story. AC: Illustrates a specific event in the beginning, middle, or end of a story.

LT: Locates a key figure or object in space. AC: Places important character or setting elements close by sizing large, and far by sizing small.

LT: Uses collage techniques. AC: Cuts smoothly and glues securely.

## **EVIDENCE OF LEARNING**

#### Art: Collage

Identifies the beginning, middle, and end of a story.

Makes a beginning, middle, or end event that relates to a specific incident.

Locates figure/objects near and far.

Cuts smoothly and glues securely.

#### EXAMPLE



#### VOCABULARY

- · Character
- Collage
- Far, Near
- Narrative
- Setting
- Beginning, Middle, End
- Sequence of Events
- Key Ideas and Details

#### RESOURCES

Jacob Lawrence, The Builders, MAC;

Fay Jones, Reading Aloud, 4Culture;

Edvard Munch, The Scream

#### **ART MATERIALS**

- · drawing paper
- pencils
- scrap cutting practice
- paper
- scissors
- color copy paper (cut in
- 1/4 or 1/2 sheets)
- gift wrap or other patterned paper
- 9x12" color cardstock
- glue sticks



### SECOND GRADE LESSON TEN // ILLUSTRATING A STORY

## **INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES**

TEACHER	STUDENT	
Introduce <i>The Builders</i> by Jacob Lawrence, <i>Reading Aloud</i> by Fay Jones (or <i>The Scream</i> by Edvard Munch) and ask students to engage in critical thinking. Students analyze/interpret art by imagining what event preceded the scene and predicting what event followed.	Responds by imagining a beginning, middle, and end i response to the art.	
<b>Prompts</b> : Art can communicate ideas and stories without words. What's going on here? What sequence do you imagine happened first (the beginning), what is happening now (middle), and what will happen last (end)?		
Review a familiar story and asks students to identify key characters and elements of setting and recount the beginning, middle, and end of the narrative. Students visualize and/or sketch one event from a part of the story to represent in their collage.	Brainstorms for beginning, middle, and end of the story with classmates. Begins to visualize/sketch an event from a story.	
Demonstrate cutting practice with scrap paper by opening scissors fully, holding scissors upright, and turning paper, not scissors. Shows use of simple paper shapes for characters, objects, and setting. <b>Prompts</b> : What shapes will you need to create your character? Setting? Objects to tell the viewer	Chooses to illustrate a specific event (beginning, middle, or end) in either an imaginary story that	
more about the story? What happened first? What happened next? How did the story end? Which part are you showing in your collage?	accompanies art or a famili story.	
Reference the characters and setting seen in <i>The Builders</i> (or other art).	Responds to the depth of specific images in art.	
<b>Prompts</b> : What did the artist place closest to you? What did the artist place farthest away? How did you know the figure was close? How did you know the other figures were farther away (size)?		
Demonstrate making a setting for the beginning, middle, or end of a story by selecting colors and cutting simple bold shapes for landscape/interior features. Encourage original illustration.	Makes setting; uses cutting techniques.	
<b>Prompts</b> : Did the beginning, middle, or end you chose happen outdoor or indoors? What objects do you need to create this setting? As you begin to cut your shapes don't forget to hold your scissors upright and move the paper. Cut details from paper too, don't draw.		
Guide student to size important figures or objects in their collage illustrations to show depth. Guide student in making small if far away or large if close. Encourage the students to add cut details.	Selects objects or figures the show the event. Sizes a figure or an object larger for close and another smaller, for farther away.	
Guide students as they compose and organize their compositions. Provide glue sticks and guide gluing.	Discusses composition with teacher before gluing shape permanently.	



### SECOND GRADE LESSON TEN // ILLUSTRATING A STORY

## **SKILLS AND TECHNIQUES**



#### LEARNING STANDARDS

#### Visual Art

1.1.a Brainstorm collaboratively multiple approaches to an art or design prob-lem.

 $12.a\ Mark$  art or design with various materials and tools to explored personal interests, questions, and curiosity.

21.a Experiment with various materials and tools to explore personal interests in a work of art or design.

2.2.a Demonstrate safe procedures for using and cleaning art tools, equipment, and studio spaces.

2.3.a Repurpose objects to make something new.

3.a Discuss and reflect with peers about choices made in creating artwork. 7.1.a Perceive and describe aesthetic characteristics of one's natural world and constructed environments.

9.a Use learned art vocabulary to express preferences about artwork.

10.a Create works of art about events in home, school, or community life.

#### Common Core ELA

2.SL2. Recount or describe key ideas or details from a text read aloud or information presented orally or through other media.

2.RL.5.Describe the overall structure of a story, including how the beginning introduces the story and the ending concludes the action.

2.RL.7. Use information gained from the illustrations and words in print or digital text to demonstrate understanding of its characters, setting, or plot.

#### ART STUDIO TIP

In collage, the placement of paper shapes can be explored until the composition communicates what is intended by the artist, then glued.

Hold back glue sticks until you have talked to each student about how their collage communicates the story event.

Conserve papers by having students trim leftover ragged paper into tidy squares for next artist.

#### LESSON EXPANSION

Creates a sequence of three drawn or collage scenes to illustrate the beginning, middle, and end of a story from reading or artworks that suggest a narrative.

#### EVERYDAY CONNECTIONS

literature predicting ends to stories

